

# MBR20H100CT, MBRB20H100CT, MBRF20H100CT

## SWITCHMODE™ Power Rectifier 100 V, 20 A

### Features and Benefits

- Low Forward Voltage: 0.64 V @ 125°C
- Low Power Loss/High Efficiency
- High Surge Capacity
- 175°C Operating Junction Temperature
- 20 A Total (10 A Per Diode Leg)
- Guard-Ring for Stress Protection
- Pb-Free Packages are Available

### Applications

- Power Supply – Output Rectification
- Power Management
- Instrumentation

### Mechanical Characteristics:

- Case: Epoxy, Molded
- Epoxy Meets UL 94 V-0 @ 0.125 in
- Weight (Approximately):  
1.9 Grams (TO-220)  
1.7 Grams (D<sup>2</sup>PAK)
- Finish: All External Surfaces Corrosion Resistant and Terminal Leads are Readily Solderable
- Lead Temperature for Soldering Purposes:  
260°C Max. for 10 Seconds

### MAXIMUM RATINGS

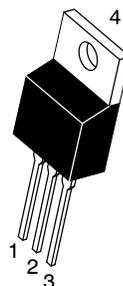
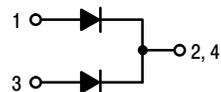
Please See the Table on the Following Page



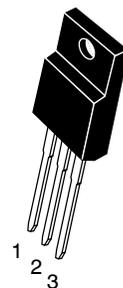
ON Semiconductor®

<http://onsemi.com>

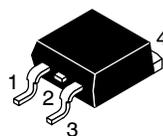
## SCHOTTKY BARRIER RECTIFIER 20 AMPERES, 100 VOLTS



TO-220AB  
CASE 221A  
STYLE 6



ISOLATED TO-220  
CASE 221D  
STYLE 3



D<sup>2</sup>PAK  
CASE 418B  
STYLE 3

### MARKING DIAGRAMS



A = Assembly Location  
Y = Year  
WW = Work Week  
B20H100 = Device Code  
G = Pb-Free Device  
AKA = Polarity Designator

### ORDERING INFORMATION

See detailed ordering and shipping information in the package dimensions section on page 2 of this data sheet.

# MBR20H100CT, MBRB20H100CT, MBRF20H100CT

## MAXIMUM RATINGS (Per Diode Leg)

Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit
Peak Repetitive Reverse Voltage Working Peak Reverse Voltage DC Blocking Voltage	$V_{RRM}$ $V_{RWM}$ $V_R$	100	V
Average Rectified Forward Current (Rated $V_R$ ) $T_C = 162^\circ\text{C}$	$I_{F(AV)}$	10	A
Peak Repetitive Forward Current (Rated $V_R$ , Square Wave, 20 kHz) $T_C = 160^\circ\text{C}$	$I_{FRM}$	20	A
Nonrepetitive Peak Surge Current (Surge applied at rated load conditions halfwave, single phase, 60 Hz)	$I_{FSM}$	250	A
Operating Junction Temperature (Note 1)	$T_J$	+175	$^\circ\text{C}$
Storage Temperature	$T_{stg}$	-65 to +175	$^\circ\text{C}$
Voltage Rate of Change (Rated $V_R$ )	dv/dt	10,000	V/ $\mu\text{s}$
Controlled Avalanche Energy (see test conditions in Figures 11 and 12)	$W_{AVAIL}$	200	mJ
ESD Ratings: Machine Model = C Human Body Model = 3B		> 400 > 8000	V

## THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

Maximum Thermal Resistance (MBR20H100CT and MBRB20H100CT) – Junction-to-Case – Junction-to-Ambient (MBRF20H100CT) – Junction-to-Case	$R_{\theta JC}$ $R_{\theta JA}$ $R_{\theta JC}$	2.0 60 2.5	$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$
---	---	------------------	---------------------------

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Per Diode Leg)

Maximum Instantaneous Forward Voltage (Note 2) ( $I_F = 10\text{ A}$ , $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ) ( $I_F = 10\text{ A}$ , $T_C = 125^\circ\text{C}$ ) ( $I_F = 20\text{ A}$ , $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ) ( $I_F = 20\text{ A}$ , $T_C = 125^\circ\text{C}$ )	$V_F$	0.77 0.64 0.88 0.73	V
Maximum Instantaneous Reverse Current (Note 2) (Rated DC Voltage, $T_C = 125^\circ\text{C}$ ) (Rated DC Voltage, $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ )	$i_R$	6.0 0.0045	mA

Stresses exceeding Maximum Ratings may damage the device. Maximum Ratings are stress ratings only. Functional operation above the Recommended Operating Conditions is not implied. Extended exposure to stresses above the Recommended Operating Conditions may affect device reliability.

- The heat generated must be less than the thermal conductivity from Junction-to-Ambient:  $dP_D/dT_J < 1/R_{\theta JA}$ .
- Pulse Test: Pulse Width = 300  $\mu\text{s}$ , Duty Cycle  $\leq 2.0\%$ .

## DEVICE ORDERING INFORMATION

Device Order Number	Package Type	Shipping <sup>†</sup>
MBR20H100CT	TO-220	50 Units / Rail
MBR20H100CTG	TO-220 (Pb-Free)	50 Units / Rail
MBRF20H100CTG	TO-220FP (Pb-Free)	50 Units / Rail
MBRB20H100CTT4G	D <sup>2</sup> PAK (Pb-Free)	800 / Tape & Reel

<sup>†</sup>For information on tape and reel specifications, including part orientation and tape sizes, please refer to our Tape and Reel Packaging Specification Brochure, BRD8011/D.

# MBR20H100CT, MBRB20H100CT, MBRF20H100CT

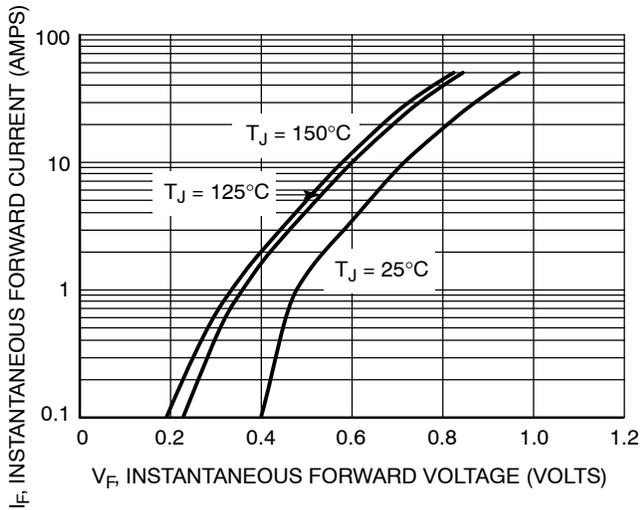


Figure 1. Typical Forward Voltage

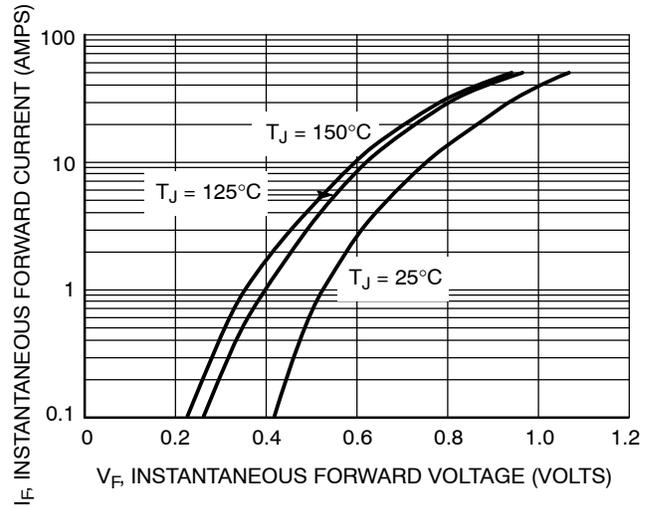


Figure 2. Maximum Forward Voltage

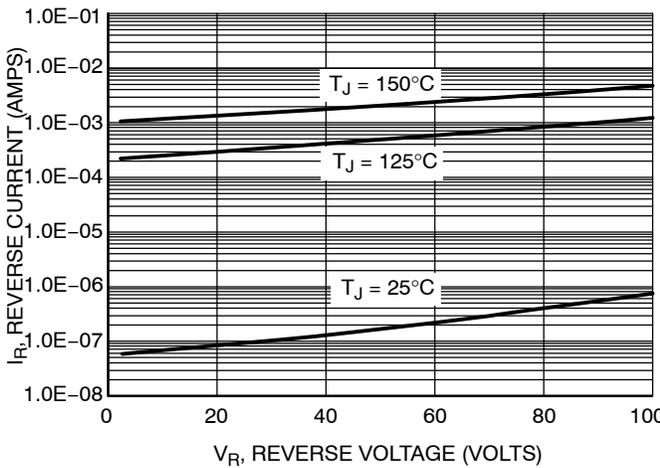


Figure 3. Typical Reverse Current

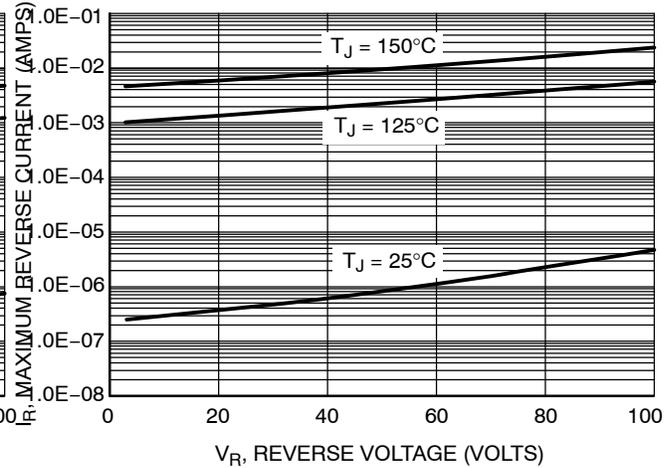


Figure 4. Maximum Reverse Current

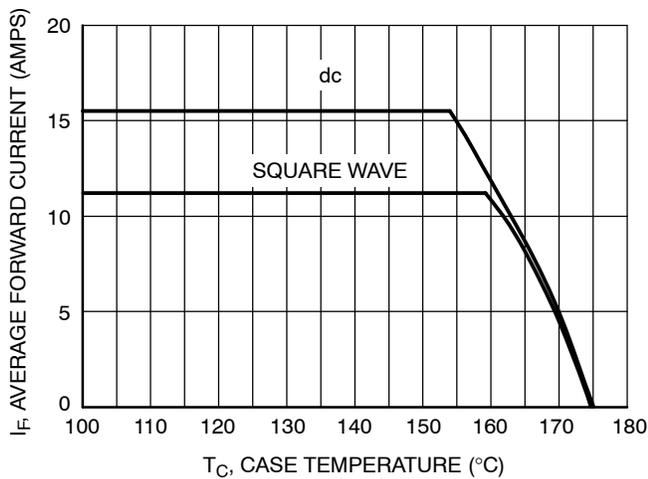


Figure 5. Current Derating

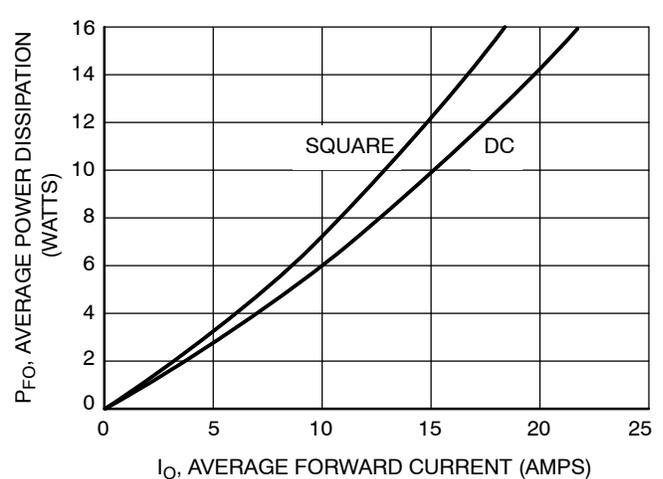
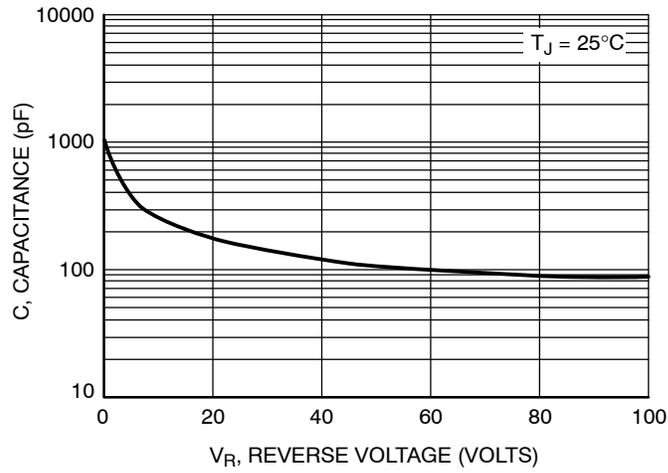
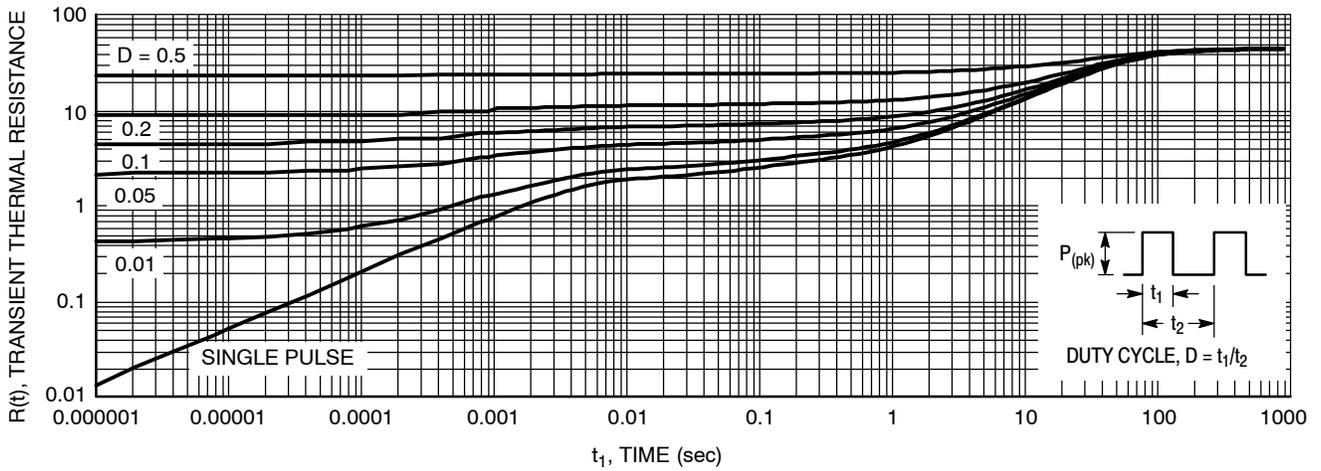


Figure 6. Forward Power Dissipation

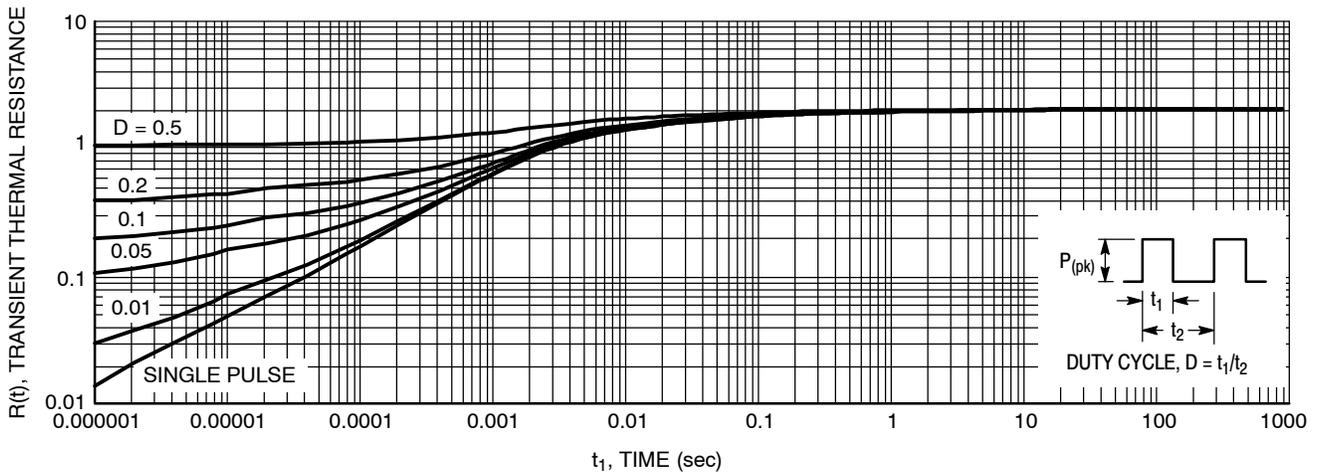
**MBR20H100CT, MBRB20H100CT, MBRF20H100CT**



**Figure 7. Capacitance**



**Figure 8. Thermal Response Junction-to-Ambient for MBR20H100CT and MBRB20H100CT**



**Figure 9. Thermal Response Junction-to-Case for MBR20H100CT and MBRB20H100CT**

# MBR20H100CT, MBRB20H100CT, MBRF20H100CT

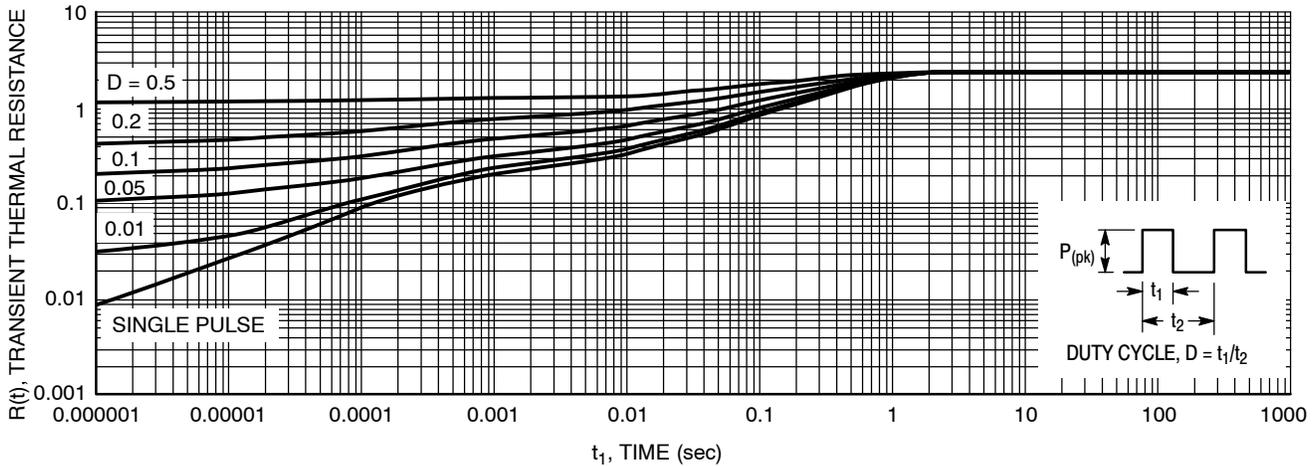


Figure 10. Thermal Response Junction-to-Case for MBRF20H100CT

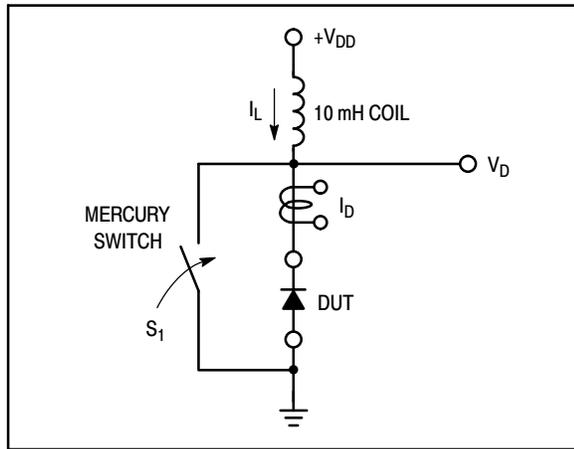


Figure 11. Test Circuit

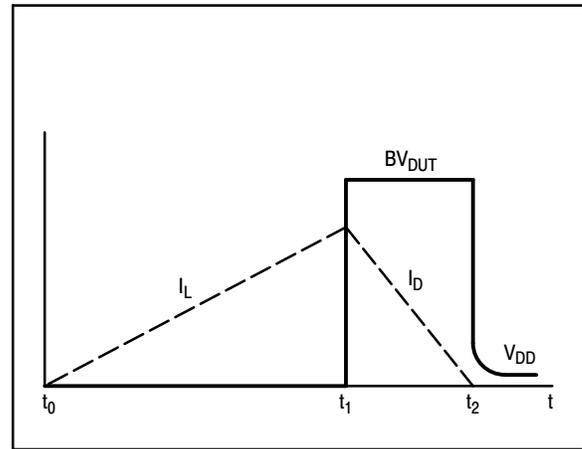


Figure 12. Current-Voltage Waveforms

The unclamped inductive switching circuit shown in Figure 11 was used to demonstrate the controlled avalanche capability of this device. A mercury switch was used instead of an electronic switch to simulate a noisy environment when the switch was being opened.

When  $S_1$  is closed at  $t_0$  the current in the inductor  $I_L$  ramps up linearly; and energy is stored in the coil. At  $t_1$  the switch is opened and the voltage across the diode under test begins to rise rapidly, due to  $di/dt$  effects, when this induced voltage reaches the breakdown voltage of the diode, it is clamped at  $BV_{DUT}$  and the diode begins to conduct the full load current which now starts to decay linearly through the diode, and goes to zero at  $t_2$ .

By solving the loop equation at the point in time when  $S_1$  is opened; and calculating the energy that is transferred to the diode it can be shown that the total energy transferred is equal to the energy stored in the inductor plus a finite amount of energy from the  $V_{DD}$  power supply while the diode is in breakdown (from  $t_1$  to  $t_2$ ) minus any losses due to finite component resistances. Assuming the component resistive

elements are small Equation (1) approximates the total energy transferred to the diode. It can be seen from this equation that if the  $V_{DD}$  voltage is low compared to the breakdown voltage of the device, the amount of energy contributed by the supply during breakdown is small and the total energy can be assumed to be nearly equal to the energy stored in the coil during the time when  $S_1$  was closed, Equation (2).

**EQUATION (1):**

$$W_{AVAL} \approx \frac{1}{2} L I_{LPK}^2 \left( \frac{BV_{DUT}}{BV_{DUT} - V_{DD}} \right)$$

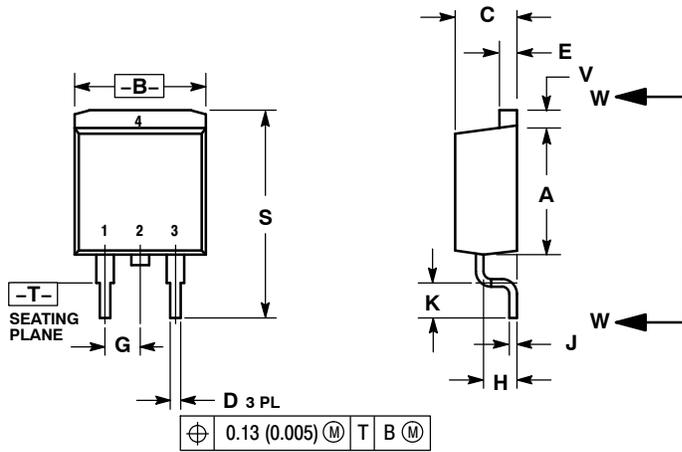
**EQUATION (2):**

$$W_{AVAL} \approx \frac{1}{2} L I_{LPK}^2$$

# MBR20H100CT, MBRB20H100CT, MBRF20H100CT

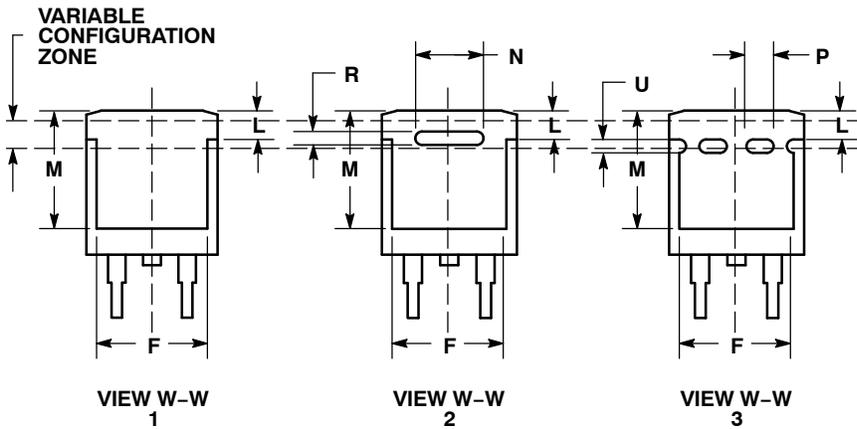
## PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

D<sup>2</sup>PAK 3  
CASE 418B-04  
ISSUE J



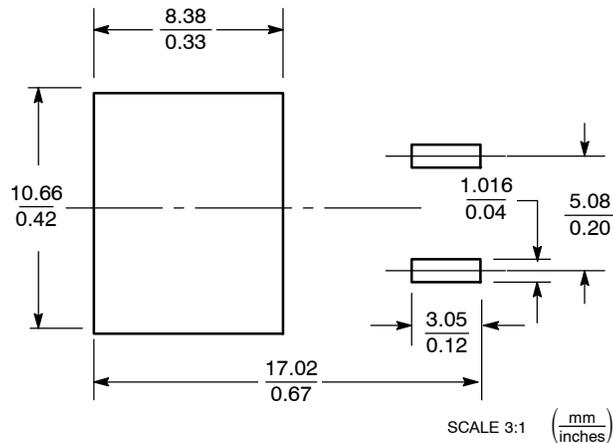
- NOTES:  
1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ANSI Y14.5M, 1982.  
2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: INCH.  
3. 418B-01 THRU 418B-03 OBSOLETE, NEW STANDARD 418B-04.

DIM	INCHES		MILLIMETERS	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	0.340	0.380	8.64	9.65
B	0.380	0.405	9.65	10.29
C	0.160	0.190	4.06	4.83
D	0.020	0.035	0.51	0.89
E	0.045	0.055	1.14	1.40
F	0.310	0.350	7.87	8.89
G	0.100 BSC		2.54 BSC	
H	0.080	0.110	2.03	2.79
J	0.018	0.025	0.46	0.64
K	0.090	0.110	2.29	2.79
L	0.052	0.072	1.32	1.83
M	0.280	0.320	7.11	8.13
N	0.197 REF		5.00 REF	
P	0.079 REF		2.00 REF	
R	0.039 REF		0.99 REF	
S	0.575	0.625	14.60	15.88
V	0.045	0.055	1.14	1.40



- STYLE 3:  
PIN 1. ANODE  
2. CATHODE  
3. ANODE  
4. CATHODE

### SOLDERING FOOTPRINT\*

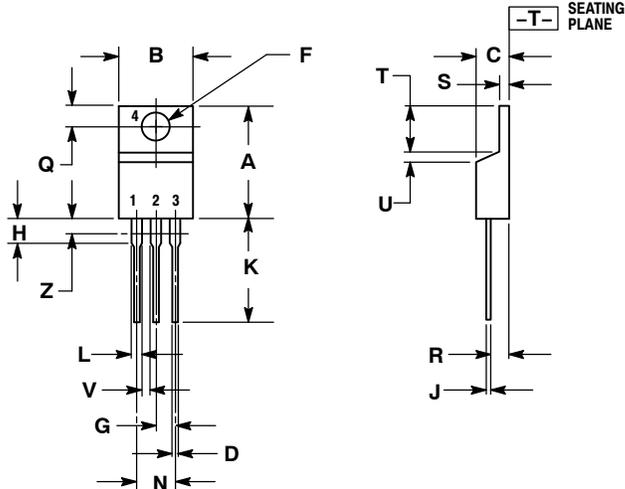


\*For additional information on our Pb-Free strategy and soldering details, please download the ON Semiconductor Soldering and Mounting Techniques Reference Manual, SOLDERRM/D.

# MBR20H100CT, MBRB20H100CT, MBRF20H100CT

## PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

### TO-220 CASE 221A-09 ISSUE AF



NOTES:

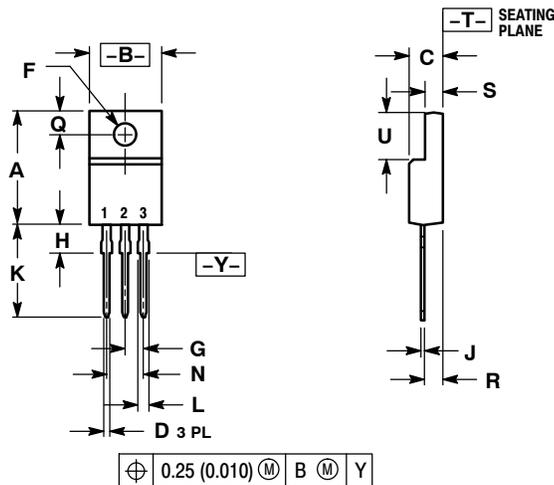
1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ANSI Y14.5M, 1982.
2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: INCH.
3. DIMENSION Z DEFINES A ZONE WHERE ALL BODY AND LEAD IRREGULARITIES ARE ALLOWED.

DIM	INCHES		MILLIMETERS	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	0.570	0.620	14.48	15.75
B	0.380	0.405	9.66	10.28
C	0.160	0.190	4.07	4.82
D	0.025	0.035	0.64	0.88
F	0.142	0.161	3.61	4.09
G	0.095	0.105	2.42	2.66
H	0.110	0.155	2.80	3.93
J	0.014	0.025	0.36	0.64
K	0.500	0.562	12.70	14.27
L	0.045	0.060	1.15	1.52
N	0.190	0.210	4.83	5.33
Q	0.100	0.120	2.54	3.04
R	0.080	0.110	2.04	2.79
S	0.045	0.055	1.15	1.39
T	0.235	0.255	5.97	6.47
U	0.000	0.050	0.00	1.27
V	0.045	---	1.15	---
Z	---	0.080	---	2.04

STYLE 6:

- PIN 1. ANODE
- CATHODE
- ANODE
- CATHODE

### TO-220 FULLPAK CASE 221D-03 ISSUE J



NOTES:

1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ANSI Y14.5M, 1982.
2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: INCH
3. 221D-01 THRU 221D-02 OBSOLETE, NEW STANDARD 221D-03.

DIM	INCHES		MILLIMETERS	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	0.617	0.635	15.67	16.12
B	0.392	0.419	9.96	10.63
C	0.177	0.193	4.50	4.90
D	0.024	0.039	0.60	1.00
F	0.116	0.129	2.95	3.28
G	0.100 BSC		2.54 BSC	
H	0.118	0.135	3.00	3.43
J	0.018	0.025	0.45	0.63
K	0.503	0.541	12.78	13.73
L	0.048	0.058	1.23	1.47
N	0.200 BSC		5.08 BSC	
Q	0.122	0.138	3.10	3.50
R	0.099	0.117	2.51	2.96
S	0.092	0.113	2.34	2.87
U	0.239	0.271	6.06	6.88

STYLE 3:

- PIN 1. ANODE
- CATHODE
- ANODE

# MBR20H100CT, MBRB20H100CT, MBRF20H100CT

SWITCHMODE is a trademark of Semiconductor Components Industries, LLC.

**ON Semiconductor** and  are registered trademarks of Semiconductor Components Industries, LLC (SCILLC). SCILLC reserves the right to make changes without further notice to any products herein. SCILLC makes no warranty, representation or guarantee regarding the suitability of its products for any particular purpose, nor does SCILLC assume any liability arising out of the application or use of any product or circuit, and specifically disclaims any and all liability, including without limitation special, consequential or incidental damages. "Typical" parameters which may be provided in SCILLC data sheets and/or specifications can and do vary in different applications and actual performance may vary over time. All operating parameters, including "Typicals" must be validated for each customer application by customer's technical experts. SCILLC does not convey any license under its patent rights nor the rights of others. SCILLC products are not designed, intended, or authorized for use as components in systems intended for surgical implant into the body, or other applications intended to support or sustain life, or for any other application in which the failure of the SCILLC product could create a situation where personal injury or death may occur. Should Buyer purchase or use SCILLC products for any such unintended or unauthorized application, Buyer shall indemnify and hold SCILLC and its officers, employees, subsidiaries, affiliates, and distributors harmless against all claims, costs, damages, and expenses, and reasonable attorney fees arising out of, directly or indirectly, any claim of personal injury or death associated with such unintended or unauthorized use, even if such claim alleges that SCILLC was negligent regarding the design or manufacture of the part. SCILLC is an Equal Opportunity/Affirmative Action Employer. This literature is subject to all applicable copyright laws and is not for resale in any manner.

## PUBLICATION ORDERING INFORMATION

### LITERATURE FULFILLMENT:

Literature Distribution Center for ON Semiconductor  
P.O. Box 5163, Denver, Colorado 80217 USA  
**Phone:** 303-675-2175 or 800-344-3860 Toll Free USA/Canada  
**Fax:** 303-675-2176 or 800-344-3867 Toll Free USA/Canada  
**Email:** [orderlit@onsemi.com](mailto:orderlit@onsemi.com)

**N. American Technical Support:** 800-282-9855 Toll Free  
USA/Canada  
**Europe, Middle East and Africa Technical Support:**  
Phone: 421 33 790 2910  
**Japan Customer Focus Center**  
Phone: 81-3-5773-3850

**ON Semiconductor Website:** [www.onsemi.com](http://www.onsemi.com)  
**Order Literature:** <http://www.onsemi.com/orderlit>

For additional information, please contact your local  
Sales Representative

**MBR20H100CT/D**